SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klinil gemeinnützige Cmbl Domain 1 - Relating to His/Her Own Body **Primary Emotional Needs and Issues** Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Level Yes SEO₁ 1 Is aroused by physical sensations / environmental stimuli **Symbiosis** 0-6 Discovering the body, 2 Is soothed by repeated exposure to familiar sounds, faces, smells or tastes processing sensory stimuli months **3** Is soothed by physical contact (e.g. touch, caresses, massages) Explores his/her body haphazardly by touching, grasping, (thumb) sucking SEO₂ Attachment 1 Uses his/her body deliberately for the purpose of exploration, i.e. grasping, touching and handling objects 6-18 Using the body to explore the **2** Communicates with his/her entire body; few specific gestures months environment 3 Uses his/her mouth as a primary means of exploration (e.g. putting things in his/her mouth, thumb sucking etc.) 4 Smears faeces SEO₃ 1 Deliberately draws on means in the environment to assert his/her will Autonomy 1.5-3 Deliberate engagement with **2** Deliberately uses gestures as a means of communication the environment years **3** Is not capable of keeping clothing clean; clothes are usually soiled after meals Shows no recognizable sense of shame SEO₄ **Social Roles** 1 Deliberately uses specific gestures to communicate 3-7 2 Begins to select clothing according to the occasion and personal taste Identity based on physical years characteristics 3 Can manage adequate personal hygiene without help Sense of shame and gender identity (e.g. closes door when using the toilet, wants to shower alone) SEO 5 **Social Contexts** 1 Wants to demonstrate physical prowess to impress peers 7-12 2 Displays modesty/sense of shame in respect to sexuality Realistic assessment of years physical characteristics Displays marked personal preferences in choosing outfit 4 Is able to assess his/her physical appearance and abilities realistically in relation to the environment

SEO: A	ssessment of Socio-	Emotional Development and Needs Domain 2 - Relating to Attachment Figures St. Lukas-KI gemeinnützige G	inik
Level	Primary Emotional Needs and Issues	Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities	Stiftung Liebenau Yes
SEO 1 0-6 months	Symbiosis Establishing contact via the proximal senses	 Interaction arises when meeting basic needs (food, hygiene) Is soothed by physical contact (sense of security) Makes contact via the proximal senses (touch, smell and taste) Is fascinated by (sniffs, touches etc.) specific parts of caregivers' body 	
SEO 2 6-18 months	Attachment Establishing contact via the proximal and distal senses	 Begins to interact with others deliberately (e.g. smiles, returns smile) Establishes an emotional hierarchy, fixation on attachment figures Breaking off contact induces responses ranging from tension to agitation Interaction possible via objects (e.g. passing a ball back and forth) 	
SEO 3 1.5-3 years	Autonomy Establishing contact via the distal senses, objects and language	 Demands attention and tests limits Objects, desires and contradiction are frequent reasons for initiating contact Demonstrates and (stubbornly) insists on his/her will (emergence of the ego / ideas of grandiosity) Varies emotions directed at attachment figures 	
SEO 4 3-7 years	Social Roles Guided peer group	 Begins to regard attachment figures as authority figures (group leaders, teachers etc.) Wants to assume the role of authority figures ("deputy sheriff") Increasingly identifies with authority figures, even when they are not physically present Solicits the opinion/ seeks the approval of authority figures 	
SEO 5 7-12 years	Social Contexts Establishing contact using social and cognitive skills	 Is able to navigate within familiar social contexts without guidance from an authority figure Can manage transitions between familiar social contexts alone Can identify different social contexts without help & meet situational demands (e.g. find his/her way around a train station) Can assume simple responsibilities 	

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klinik Domain 3 - Interaction Patterns (Differentiation of Self) **Primary Emotional Needs and Issues** Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Yes Level SEO₁ **Symbiosis** 1 Interaction is only possible with direct physical contact or within a radius of two metres Unspecific interaction in 0-6 2 Is hypersensitive to sensory overload response to various stimuli months **3** Is primarily occupied with processing internal and external stimuli 4 Proximal stimuli are dominant, unfocused exploration of things within reach SEO₂ Attachment **1** Begins to develop simple situational interaction patterns 6-18 Simple, rigid interaction 2 Is upset when interaction patterns are interrupted patterns months **3** Is unable to modify interaction patterns according to situational demands **4** Repeats interaction patterns without regard to the situation 1 Thinks egocentrically and expresses his/her will SEO₃ Autonomy 1.5-3 Assertion of will and 2 Increasingly distinguishes between self and others independence; consolidation 3 Modifies interaction patterns solely according to his /her own will and aims years of the ego 4 Opposes demands/requests from others SEO₄ **Social Roles** 1 Modifies interaction patterns in accordance with authoritative demands 3-7 Guided social interaction 2 Imitates authority figures in interaction patterns **3** Adapts interaction patterns according to his/her (frequently gender-specific) self-image years 4 Adapts interaction patterns to the dynamic of the peer group rather than social norms SEO₅ **Social Contexts** 1 Is able to apply standard interaction patterns in different social contexts Independent interaction 7-12 2 Independently and appropriately adapts interaction patterns to familiar social contexts **3** Is able to transfer interaction patterns to new, but similar social contexts years 4 Is able to combine overlearned interaction patterns

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs							
Level	Primary Emotional Needs and Issues	Domain 4 - Dealing with Changes in the Environment Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities St. Lukas-Klinik gemeinnützige CmbH Strung Lubana Yes					
SEO 1 0-6 months	Symbiosis Dependence on the situation: "What I can't see or feel doesn't exist."	1 Perceives the environment via the proximal senses (touch, smell and taste) 2 Explores the environment via the proximal senses 3 No object permanence - objects/people only "exist" when they are perceived directly 4 Is upset when soothing objects disappear					
SEO 2 6-18 months	Attachment "Things exist even if I can't see or feel them."	 Environment is perceived and explored with proximal and distal senses Is only aware of people/objects not perceived directly if they are relevant to his/her immediate needs Increasingly distinguishes between objects and people Is upset when emotionally charged objects/people disappear 					
SEO 3 1.5-3 years	Autonomy Navigating familiar environments with reassurance	1 Can transfer attachment to objects (transitional/comfort objects) 2 Consistently distinguishes between people and objects; deliberate engagement with objects 3 Displays basic emotions at the appearance/loss of highly emotionally charged objects 4 Understands that people/objects exist even when they cannot be perceived directly					
SEO 4 3-7 years	Social Roles Navigating familiar environments without reassurance/guidance	1 Is able to part with transitional object in a familiar environment 2 Social aspects of the environment become increasingly important 3 Can relate to others in his/her environment in ways appropriate to the situation 4 Needs to be accompanied by an authority figure in unfamiliar surroundings (e.g. when taking the bus)					
SEO 5 7-12 years	Social Contexts Navigating unfamiliar but similar environments without guidance	 Can navigate within familiar social contexts without guidance Recognizes what behaviour is appropriate in a given situation Can apply familiar behavioural principles to unfamiliar contexts according to social conventions Can combine familiar behavioural principles as required by the situation SEO-Lukas English Version 					

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klini **Domain 5 - Anxiety/Fears** gemeinnützige Gmb **Primary Emotional** Needs and Issues Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Level Yes 1 Feeding alleviates anxiety SEO₁ **Symbiosis** Unfamiliar and/or intense 2 Is afraid of loud noises 0-6 stimuli provoke fear and months Responds to new visual stimuli with fear anger Anxiety is alleviated by intensive physical contact 1 Lack/loss of contact with attachment figures induces anxiety and anger SEO₂ Attachment 6-18 Fear of abandonment 2 Is anxious anxiety in unfamiliar/confusing environments months 3 Is afraid of being alone Anxiety is assuaged by contact with attachment figures 1 Anxiety and fear in reaction to specific situations SEO₃ Autonomy 1.5-3 Situational fears **2** Is afraid of the dark Is not capable of regulating anxiety cognitively years Develops strategies to manage fear/anxiety (transitional object, seeking reassurance from attachment figure) 1 Is anxious when self-esteem/self-image are threatened SEO₄ Social Roles 3-7 Fear of failure 2 Is afraid of doing something wrong Is afraid of disapproval from authority figures/ role models years Is capable of regulating anxiety using cognitive means **Social Contexts** SEO₅ 1 Is afraid of punishment 7-12 2 Anticipated danger or loss induces anxiety Social anxieties years Is afraid of being unable to cope with demands Is afraid of being criticized or not being accepted by peers

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klin **Domain 6 - Relating to Peers Primary Emotional Needs** and Issues Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Yes Level **Symbiosis** 1 Is entirely self-absorbed SEO₁ 0-6 2 No interaction with peers No interaction with peers months **3** Cannot distinguish between caregivers and peers 4 Forced contact leads to pronounced inner tension SEO₂ Attachment 1 Distinguishes between caregivers and peers 6-18 2 No deliberate interaction with peers Beginning interest in interaction with peers, but months 3 Is unable to adapt interaction patterns to peers; turns to attachment figure for reassurance attachment figure is still 4 Interaction with peers requires initiation by caregivers primary 1 Interaction with peers possible when caregivers are present SEO₃ Autonomy 1.5-3 Self-centred in interaction with 2 Shows no consideration for what peers want peers 3 Interaction with peers frequently leads to conflict years 4 Is unable to regulate proximity/distance in interaction with peers appropriately SEO₄ Social Roles 1 Increasingly focused on peers; seeks and maintains regular contact 2 Seeks to establish his or her role/position within the peer group 3-7 Guidance required in interaction with peers 3 Meets demands of his/her assigned role only when an authority figure is present years 4 Seeks approval of peers without regard to normative behaviour 1 Assumes a consistent role within the peer group even when no authority figure is present SEO 5 **Social Contexts** 2 Adapts his/her role according to the dynamics of the peer group 7-12 Independent interaction with 3 Seeks approval of peers, but with consideration for normative behaviour the peer group years 4 Begins to assert his/her independence from the peer group

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs							
		Domain 7 - Relating to Objects St. Lukas-Klinik gemeinnützige CmbH	Stiftung Liebenau				
	Primary Emotional						
Level	Needs and Issues	Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities	Yes				
SEO 1	Symbiosis	1 Does not actively seek out objects					
0-6	Coincidental exploration of	2 Stereotypical handling of objects					
months	objects	3 Does not attempt to determine objects' function					
		4 Interaction with objects is haphazard and brief					
SEO 2	Attachment	1 Deliberately seeks out and explores objects					
6-18	Exploring objects within	2 Explores shapes and characteristics of objects and substances					
months	reach	3 Tears paper/pillows etc. into shreds to produce amorphous masses					
		4 Uses/operates objects with simple functions, often repetitively (e.g. faucets, switches, toilet flush)					
SEO 3	Autonomy	1 Uses objects to represent animals, people, cars etc.					
1.5-3	Exploring structure and	2 Can operate objects with a simple function (e.g. radio)					
years	function of objects	3 Takes functional objects apart					
		4 Requires guidance when using items whose function is not immediately apparent					
SEO 4	Social Roles	1 Understands objects' purpose and uses them accordingly					
	Using objects creatively and	2 Draws representationally and builds functional objects					
3-7	appropriately	3 Puts objects to use in new functional contexts					
years		4 Understands items' value					
SEO 5	Social Contexts	1 Varies the use of objects and employs them more effectively					
7-12	Purposefully working to	2 Specifically collects certain things					
years	achieve a specific result	3 Can delay gratification to work toward a goal; the final result is important (productive employment possible)					
		4 Recognition for the final product is primary					
		SEO-Lukas English Versio	n				

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SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klinil gemeinnützige GmbH **Domain 8 - Communication Primary Emotional Needs** and Issues Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Yes Level **Symbiosis** 1 Communication is spontaneous, non-verbal and not addressed to anyone in particular SEO₁ 2 Communicates using basic facial expressions and his/her entire body No verbal communication 0-6 months **3** Unspecific vocalizations 4 Physical and emotional states are expressed spontaneously Attachment 1 Communicative repertoire covers basic everyday situations (greeting, food, going to the toilet) SEO₂ Individual words are used, but 2 Utterances consist of one or two words 6-18 months most communication is non-3 Uses a small number of words fairly unspecifically in a wide range of situations verbal 4 Repeats words without reference to the given situation 1 Short ungrammatical utterances Autonomy SEO₃ 2 Uses names and first- and second-person singular pronouns ("I" and "you") 1.5-3 Language is the primary means of communication 3 Most communication is verbal years 4 Communicates specifically to express needs, feelings, wants (usually related to the given situation) 1 Uses complete sentences and all personal pronouns, understands requests addressed to the group Social Roles SEO₄ **2** Asks numerous questions (why...?), shows interest in others' stories 3-7 Personal experience and imagination are drawn on vears **3** Makes up stories when communicating 4 Deliberately engages others in dialogue 1 Uses language grammatically **Social Contexts** SEO₅ 2 Engages in dialogue on everyday and/or situational topics Topics are discussed from a 7-12 wider perspective 3 Can hold conversations on simple abstract topics (e.g. football, giving opinion of a film) vears 4 Initiates conversations on subjects of his/her choosing

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klinik **Domain 9 - Recognizing Emotions Primary Emotional Needs and Issues** Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Yes Level SEO₁ **Symbiosis** 1 Emotions are diffuse and unfocused 2 Displays pleasure and displeasure in response to physical states 0-6 Primary emotions in response to stimuli months 3 Negative emotions are primarily manifested as anger Positive emotions are primarily manifested as smiling/laughter SEO₂ Attachment 1 Can distinguish basic emotions (happiness, affection/liking, fear, anger) 6-18 Directed, recognizable 2 Directs his/her own emotions at attachment figures and mirrors their emotions emotions 3 Responds to loss of attachment figure with anxiety or other negative emotions months 4 Is unable to label his/her own emotions clearly SEO₃ Autonomy 1 Is able to name his/her basic emotions (fear, sadness, anger, happiness, affection/liking, pride) 1.5-3 Distinguishing basic **2** Recognizes basic positive/negative emotions in others emotions in self and others Wants attachment figures to him-/herself (jealousy) years Projects his/her own emotions onto attachment figures **Social Roles** SEO₄ **1** Emotions are influenced by interaction with the environment 3-7 Empathy, guilt, shame; **2** Empathy begins to develop emotions are no longer tied **3** Feels ashamed/guilty in accordance with the situation (e.g. when caught doing something wrong) years solely to attachment figures Can modulate his/her emotions by referring to role models SEO₅ **Social Contexts 1** Emotions are linked to abstract considerations 7-12 Emotions can be induced by 2 Increasingly sees things from others' perspective and empathizes with how they feel hypothetical situations years 3 Examines his/her negative emotions (introspection) and applies cognitive strategies to evade them (reflection) 4 Conscience (regret, shame) and a moral frame of reference develop (obeys rules, right/wrong)

SEO: Assessment of Socio-Emotional Development and Needs St. Lukas-Klinik gemeinnützige Cmbl **Domain 10 - Regulating Aggression Primary Emotional Needs and Issues** Behaviour/Characteristics/Abilities Yes Level SEO₁ 1 Has no means of regulating aggression autonomously **Symbiosis** Aggression is unregulated 2 Auto-aggressive behaviour is often triggered by internal dysregulation (e.g. pain, constipation) 0-6 and undirected months **3** Sensory overload can lead to (auto-)aggression Limited possibilities for others to regulate aggression SEO₂ Attachment 1 Aggression is preceded by irritability Aggression is aimed directly at the trigger/cause 6-18 Aggression is regulated externally months Severe inner tension may erupt in undirected aggression **4** Aggression is regulated externally by contact with attachment figures 1 Can modulate the intensity of his/her aggression autonomously SEO₃ Autonomy 1.5-3 Aggression is regulated 2 The focus/target of aggression is determined independently of the triggering situation internally years **3** Aggression is directed against objects/people that impose limits **4** Has difficulty expressing aggression consistently using verbal means **Social Roles** SEO₄ **1** Aggression is specifically directed at certain peers 3-7 Aggression is modulated 2 Assesses the balance of power in a given situation and regulates aggression accordingly according to balance of years Can consistently express aggression using verbal means power Is able to discuss the causes and effects of his/her aggressive behaviour SEO₅ **Social Contexts** 1 Is able to vary and control the intensity and expression of his/her aggressive impulses 7-12 Aggression is modulated Regulates aggression out of fear of negative consequences according to the specific 3 Can draw on strategies to circumvent aggression years situation Aggression can arise due to factors unrelated to the immediate situation